

تم تحميل ورفع المادة على منصة



المعلم التعليمي

للعودة الى الموقع اكتب في بحث جوجل



المعلم التعليمي



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انظم الى قناة المنهج السوداني على التليجرام

T.ME/ALMANHJ_S

Question Tag

- It is a question to which we expect the answer (Yes) or (No)
- After affirmative statements we use the ^{Negative} ~~negative~~ interrogative.
- The subject of the tag is always a pronoun.
eg: (he, she, it, are, you, we, they)

A: Questions to which we expect the answer (yes):

- ① Ali is a teacher, isn't he?
- ② She is sleeping now, isn't she?
- ③ They were happy, weren't they?
- ④ She doesn't have a new house. Does she?
- ⑤ They have got a beautiful garden, haven't they?
- ⑥ She speaks English, doesn't she?
- ⑦ They play tennis, don't they?
- ⑧ You saw Ali yesterday, didn't you?
- ⑨ I am invited to the party, aren't I?
- ⑩ Every body is redy, aren't they?

B: Questions to which we expect the answer (No)

- ① Ali isn't a teacher, is he ?
- ② She isn't sleeping now, is she ?
- ③ They weren't happy, were they ?
- ④ ~~she hasn't~~ ^{They haven't} got a beautiful garden, have they ?
- ⑤ She doesn't speak English, does she ?
- ⑥ She doesn't have a new house, does she ?
- ⑦ They don't play tennis, do they ?
- ⑧ You didn't see Ali yesterday, did you ?
- ⑨ I am not invited to the party, am I ?
- ⑩ Every body isn't ready, are they ?
- ⑪ They hadn't gone, had they ?
- ⑫ He won't come next week, will he ?
- ⑬ They weren't playing tennis, were they ?

Exercise 😊

Put the verbs in brackets in their correct forms:

1. She (not work) did not work hard, did she?
2. Sami will arrive tomorrow, (will) Won't he?
3. The boys have already eaten their breakfast (have) haven't they?
4. I am invited to the party, (be) aren't I?
5. Every body is happy, (be) aren't they?
6. They (not go) don't go to school everyday, do they?
7. She goes to school everyday, (do) doesn't she?
8. They are doing their home work now, (be) aren't they?
9. He (not play) Can't tennis, Can he?
10. They (not go) Won't tomorrow, Will they?

The Passive Voice

(It) is a sentence that has not got a subject, and all English Tenses have passive forms.

(1) Present simple passive form

(The Rule)

Object + Verb to be + Past Participle
(is, am, are)

Active: 1. Farmers grow Cotton in the Gezira.

Passive: Cotton is grown in the Gezira.

2. Farmers grow some crops in the Gezira.

Some crops are grown in the Gezira.

(2) The Past simple passive

(The Rule)

Object + Was/Were + Past Participle

e.g: Ali stole the goat/goats.

1. The goat was stolen.

2. The goats were stolen.

(4)

(3) The Present Continuous Passive

(The Rule)

Object + Verb to be
[is
am
are] + Being + Past Participle

e.g: The boy is drawing a picture/pictures

(1) A picture is being drawn.

(2) Pictures are being drawn.

(4) The Past Continuous Passive

(The Rule)

Object + Was
Were + being + past participle

e.g: Samia was writing a letter/letters.

(1) A letter was being written.

(2) Letters were being written.

(5) The Present Perfect Passive

(The Rule)

Object + has
have + been + Past Participle

e-g: Hassan has just written a letter.

A letter has just been written.

Active: They have built new roads

Passive: New roads have been built

(6) The Past Perfect Passive

(The Rule)

Object + had been + Past Participle

e-g: The Chinese had built a bridge.

A bridge had been built.

(7) The Future Simple Passive

(The Rule)

Object + shall
will + be + Past Participle

Active: Hind will play tennis.

Passive: Tennis will be played.

(8) Auxiliary Verbs

eg: (Must - Can - Should - Could - May - might)

(The Rule)

Object + Auxiliary verb + be + P.P

eg: Active: 1. (A) He must do it. || 2. (A) He can do it
(B) It must be done || (B) It can be done

(9) The Adverb passive

(The Rule)

Object + $\begin{matrix} \text{verb} \\ \text{to} \\ \text{be} \end{matrix}$ + adverb + P.P + preposition

eg:

Active: Mothers look after children very well.

Passive: Children are very well looked after.



No Gain without Pain

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